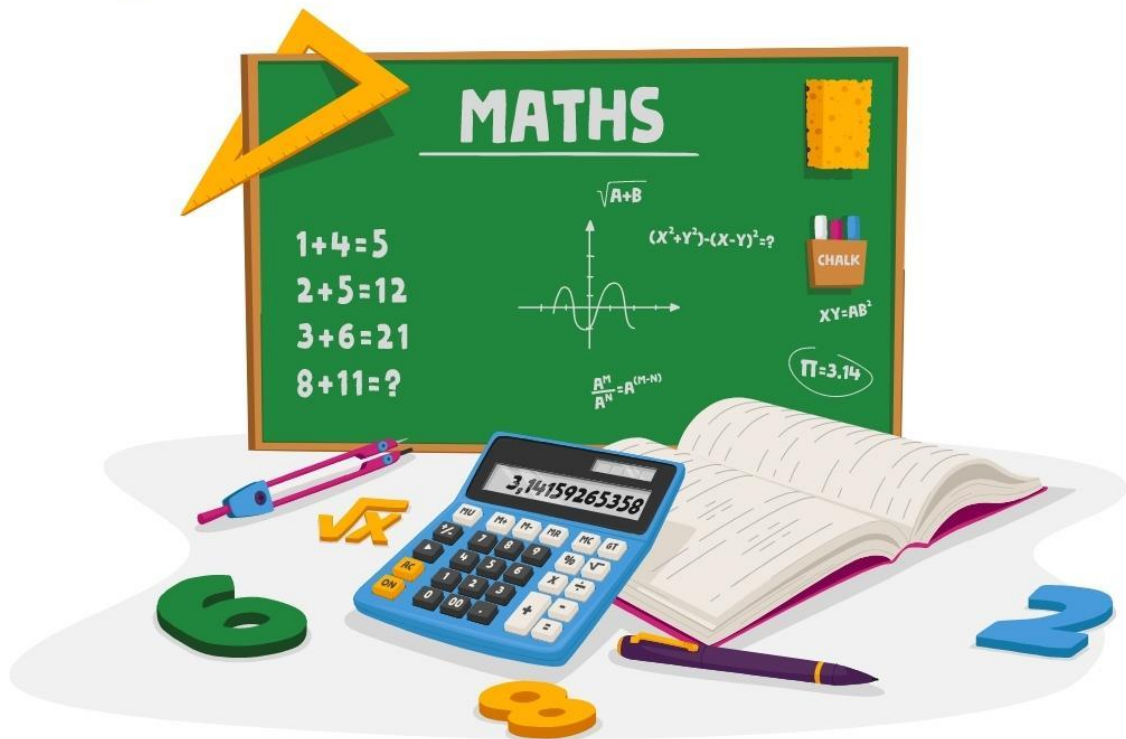


# IB Maths AI HL Paper 3 Question Bank



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**1- A manufacturing plant produces car parts at a rate of 40 per hour. The production process is Poisson distributed.**

**a) Determine the following**

**(i) Find the mean number of car parts produced per hour.**

The mean of a Poisson distribution is equal to the rate parameter ( $\lambda$ ), which in this case is 40. So the mean number of car parts produced per hour is 40.

**(ii) Find the variance of the number of car parts produced per hour.**

The variance of a Poisson distribution is also equal to the rate parameter ( $\lambda$ ), which in this case is 40. So the variance of the number of car parts produced per hour is also 40.

**b) Given that the factory operates for 8 hours a day, what is the probability that the factory will produce exactly 320 car parts in a given day?**

To find the probability of producing exactly 320 car parts in a given day, we can use the Poisson probability mass function with  $\lambda = 8 \cdot 40 = 320$ , and  $x = 320$ .

$$P(320;320) = (e^{-320}) (320^{320}) / 320! = (2.718^{-320}) (320^{320}) / 320! = 3.7e-139$$

**A factory produces electronic components. The probability of a component is defective is 0.05.**

**c) What is the probability of producing exactly 3 defective components in a batch of 50 components?**

This is a binomial probability distribution problem. The probability of producing exactly 3 defective components in a batch of 50 components is:

$$P(X = 3) = (50 \text{ choose } 3) * (0.05)^3 * (1-0.05)^{(50-3)} = 19600 * 0.05^3 * 0.95^{47} \approx 0.09$$

**d) What is the probability of producing at most 3 defective components in a batch of 50 components?**

To find the probability of producing at most 3 defective components, we can use the cumulative distribution function of the binomial distribution. The probability of producing at most 3 defective components is:

$$P(X \leq 3) = P(X = 0) + P(X = 1) + P(X = 2) + P(X = 3)$$

$$P(X \leq 3) = (50 \text{ choose } 0) * (0.05)^0 * (1-0.05)^{50} + (50 \text{ choose } 1) * (0.05)^1 * (1-0.05)^{49} + (50 \text{ choose } 2) * (0.05)^2 * (1-0.05)^{48} + (50 \text{ choose } 3) * (0.05)^3 * (1-0.05)^{47} \approx 0.37$$

**The factory produces 1000 components per day.**

**e) What is the probability of producing more than 45 defective components in a day?**

The expected number of defective components produced per day is:

$$E(X) = \lambda = n * p = 1000 * 0.05 = 50$$

The probability of producing more than 45 defective components in a day is:

$$1 - P(X \leq 45) = 1 - (e^{-50} * (50^{45}) / 45!) \approx 0.02$$


**f) What is the probability of producing less than 45 defective components in a day?**

To find the probability of producing less than 45 defective components in a day, we can use the Poisson cumulative distribution function. The probability of producing less than 45 defective components in a day is:

$$P(X < 45) = (e^{-50} * 50^{44}) / 44! \approx 0.98$$



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